

# Holmes County Republican.

H. G. White, T. B. Cunningham,  
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

MILLERSBURG, O., March 28, 1872.

## Republican Tp. Ticket.

Assessor.  
A. M. JOHNSTON.  
Treasurer.  
JOHN A. LEOPOLD.  
Clerk.  
JOHN HUSTON JR.  
Trustee.  
JAMES TIDWELL.  
G. W. EVERETT.  
Justice of the Peace.  
A. INGHES.

Republicans, remember the election next Monday.

## RIGHT FOR ONCE.

"Brick" Pomeroy, the leading Democratic editor in this country, in speaking of parties says, "if ever a party in this country was on the road to the devil, the Democratic party is the one." Good authority.

## STRANGE.

In speaking of extracts made by the New York Tribune, an exchange says: "In the course of two columns we fail to recognize a single quotation from a Republican newspaper. If the Tribune has not changed its politics, why does it select the Boston Post, Louisville Courier, the Cincinnati Enquirer and the Missouri Republican as the exponents of political opinion?"

## IN A NUT-SHELL.

An exchange puts the political situation concisely thus: The Republican party asks the people to judge the future by the past; the Democracy asks us to forget the past and judge by their promises. The Republicans point to their own record and wear their own uniform; the Democrats hide their record and borrow a second hand uniform from some Republican bummer in Missouri.

## SMELTHER TROUBLE.

The New York World smelteth trouble from afar off, and urges the Democracy to have nothing to do with the forthcoming so-called Liberal party convention at Cincinnati. Can it be possible that the Democrats have reached the jumping-off point and are preparing to leave the Republicans have been seduced from the path of rectitude all alone in their glory? It looks very much as if this is the case. Alas! Poor Schurz, poor Sumner!

Every Republican should vote at the election next Monday.

## EXPENDITURES.

The expenditures of Grant's Administration for the last fiscal year were \$85,035 less than those of the last year of Andrew Johnson, notwithstanding that during the year \$10,661,508 more was paid in pensions to widows and orphans of those who died that their country might be saved, and notwithstanding also that the purchase of Alaska, \$7,200,000, which should have been paid by Johnson, was allowed to go over to be a charge on the present Administration.

## WENDELL PHILLIPS ON TOM SCOTT.

Wendell Phillips, in his lecture at Philadelphia, a short time ago, injected Col. Thos. A. Scott into his lecture on "Lost Arts." He said: "Your great fellow citizen, whom some people irreverently call Tom Scott, is at the head of a company controlling \$350,000,000. He places one hand on the Atlantic and the other on the Pacific; his influence extends from Saginaw to Mobile, and when he walks eastward from the Golden Gate, the wind of his coat tails topple over a State Legislature at every stride."

## BLESSING IN DISGUISE.

The Democrats look upon their defeat in New Hampshire as a blessing in disguise, and they are prepared to rejoice over a similar blessing in Connecticut. They remind us of the "Johnny Rebs" when they began to rejoice over the loss of Savannah, Charleston and other places up to Wilmington, as blessings in disguise. They remind us, too, of the North Carolina tar-heel, who gravely remarked that, after all these blessings in disguise, for my part, I should like to have one without disguise, just for a change."

## REVIEWING.

The New York Herald closes a long article in reviewing possible candidates for the Presidency in these words: "We take Grant against the field. He has done well and has been in every respect a good and faithful servant. The Republican politicians cannot defeat his nomination by any 'one-term' intrigue, and the American people are too generous to permit him to be sacrificed to the ambition and animosity of rebels, Democrats and disappointed Republican office-seekers."

## GRANT.

The Chicago Evening Post says: Twelve millions of the national debt paid off this month! That is the test of Grant's success. How contemptible do all the criticisms of all the critics appear in the light of this fact.

"Twelve millions a month paid off!" But he likes to ride with Bonner behind a fast horse.

"He has increased the revenue, while the taxes have been reduced." "Yes—but he would like to take San Domingo in tow."

"He has paid off three hundred million dollars of our debt during his three years." "I know; but the damaging fact is that—that—that he appointed his father post-master."

This is a fair statement of the political situation.

Let every Republican vote at the election next Monday.

# AS GOES NEW HAMPSHIRE SO GOES THE UNION.

As goes New Hampshire at the Spring election, so goes the Presidential election in the Fall has been the accepted prophecy for many years.

## SPEAKING OUT.

And now comes little Rhode, with its demand for the renomination of General Grant. This one after another they fall into line. Wisconsin, Kentucky and Rhode Island have held their Republican State Conventions, and in each the expression of confidence in General Grant and the desire for his renomination were hearty and unanimous. The unanimity of sentiment thus early in the campaign is indicative of the future. There is now but little question that General Grant will be renominated at Philadelphia, and that probably without opposition.

## NAPOLEON'S SON.

Louis, son of the ex-Emperor Napoleon, arrived at the majority of years which places him in the full rank of manhood on the 16th inst., and it is given out on pretty fair authority that his father will abdicate the imperial throne, which he claims but does not hold, in his favor. The French Siecle, in commenting on this probable turn of affairs, says: "The young Louis, whom France could reproach neither with the war, nor Metz, nor Sedan, would become the ostensible chief of the Bonapartist party. The ex-Emperor, disembarassed from all personal care, would take up again his trade of conspirator, and place his abilities at the service of his son."

## GENERAL GRANT.

The New York Herald says: We support Grant for these reasons: He has kept the peace; he has given protection to men of all colors in the South; he has solved the painful and shameful Indian question; he has given us an economical administration, and has been implacable with rogues in office; he has made a treaty with England; he has strengthened the national credit and has contributed in every way to the prosperity of the country. He has borne himself with simplicity, dignity and honor in his station—a quiet, unpretending gentleman, as every President should be. Behind this he has made a name in our history second only to Washington as a soldier—a name known to all the world.

## PARAGUAYAN WAR.

The effects of the Paraguayan war as determined by treaty, places Paraguay \$360,000,000 in debt to Brazil, permits the empire to maintain an army there for the ostensible purpose of keeping the peace and preserving order ten years, and cedes the territory within the margin of the river Apa. The Apa was the boundary on the north, with the Ybinea, between Paraguay and the Brazilian province of Matto Grosso—so that the territorial indemnity is not necessarily grave. And if the money is reckoned in Brazilian currency it is a less sum than it seems, and in any event amounts to but about \$360 per capita. The serious claim is that permitting Brazilian military occupation. If this is insisted upon there is reason to believe that the alarm said to have been aroused in all of the South American Republics may have practical results. They are all sensitive to Brazilian growth.

## THE NAVY INVESTIGATION.

The investigation of the affairs of the Navy Department begins to wear the aspect of a personal battle between Secretary Robeson and Chas. A. Dana. At the meeting of the Committee, the Secretary and editor of the Sea were both authorized to represent themselves by counsel, and to examine and cross-examine witnesses. Under this arrangement the Committee propose to act as jurors—listen to the testimony and record their verdict at the close. Possibly this determination has been reached by the article in the Sea challenging the impartiality of the witnesses. The attack was cowardly, but it seems to have had its effect. We hope the Committee will not be driven about by a newspaper, but openly record their verdict as the testimony shall justify.

## TEA AND COFFEE FREE.

The action of the Senate in placing tea and coffee on the free list will give general satisfaction throughout the country. The duty is not yet actually removed, for the reason that the Senate bill has not yet passed the House. Of the passage of this section by the latter body there is, however, not the slightest doubt, so that the matter may be practically looked on as good as settled. This is beginning the reduction of taxation at the right end, and is very much better than the proposition to reduce the duties on those articles of import which compete with the productions of our home industries. It is not probable that any considerable reduction of duties on articles manufactured in this country will now take place during the present session. This action of the Senate tends to insure the permanence of our great industries, continues the existing incentives to the exercise of skill and economy, averts the threatened necessity for the reduction of wages, and conduces to the promotion of a vast number and variety of interests of the most important character. Now let the good work be supplemented by the abolition of the income tax, for the present year, and the country will be still better satisfied.

Election next Monday. Republicans turn out.

# SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.

We would simply say to the soldiers of Holmes County who are entitled to the bounty promised them by the county when they enlisted, and which has never as yet been paid, to hold on to their claim as they will soon get the full value of it. We understand that there are men in town who are buying up their claims at about half-price, and are thus making a good thing of it, whereas if soldiers would hold on to their claims they can get the full value.

## GREELEY AND THE PRESIDENT.

In the excess of its desire to have everything to happen which would seem to weaken the public confidence in President Grant and injure his prospects of re-election, the New York Tribune begins to show signs of almost reckless desperation. In a leading editorial article it expresses as plainly as innuendo can express, a positive desire for a Democratic success in Connecticut. It dwells with evident satisfaction on the fact that the State is usually close in politics, and was remarkably so last year, when Governor English was re-elected on the original returns; but the Legislature revised and purged them, so that Marshall Jewell was inaugurated in his stead." Now, bearing in mind the satisfaction then exhibited by the Tribune at Gov. Jewell's majority, small though it was, and its exultation over the redeeming of the State from the stigma of Democracy, this is very strange and unaccountable language for it to use. It is a singular and sad example of how a fostered prejudice can pervert the feelings and warp the judgement of men who, in a better frame of mind, are wise, unselfish, loyal and far-seeing.

## AN HONEST CONFESSION.

The Republican cause has its strength in the intelligence and conscience of the people. Instances in which men have been literally driven out of the Democratic party by the spur of conscience may be numbered by tens of thousands. A recent instance of this kind occurred in Madison county in this State. Mr. Robert Negley, an old adherent of the party in that county, says: "I have been a Democrat unswerving for the last 25 years, never cast any other vote. For several years I have been suspecting I was wrong, and have had serious battles with my conscience. I believe the party once was honest and had honest men, but that day is past, and if there is anything left in the Democratic party that is not wallowing in the wicked sloughs of secession, treason and Ku-Kluxism it is hurrying on the way to those holes as fast as the machinations of evil can drive it. From this day forward I denounce the party and forever turn my back upon it. Count me a sure Republican from this on."

Before November next a good many such honest confessions will be made.

## THE TREATY IN PARLIAMENT.

The Tribune says the American Constitution has made rather a startling apparition in the British Parliament. Mr. Horsman, not feeling a blind confidence in the wisdom of Her Majesty's Ministers, asked the success of the Smithsonian High School rests on a firmer foundation than mere money, viz. in the hearts of its friends. Long may it live in the wish of one who never had the pleasure of being a student there.

## FROM ORVILLE.

ORVILLE, Ohio, March 25, '72. EDS. REPUBLICAN:—Chill winter hangs like grim death to a sick nigger, but the weather-wise prophecy a slight letting up of the cold snap after Easter. Quite probable. The violent agitation of the air which we experienced a few days ago was, in the language of the facetious Mrs. Partington, the obnoxious storm when the sun crossed the Pecos.

We suffered the loss of two of our citizens by death last week. R. G. McElhenny and Dr. S. C. Willford. The former died of consumption of the lungs, and the latter of a combination of ailments and deep seated disease. The Doctor had a wide reputation for the successful treatment of numerous cases of cancer. He was buried with Masonic honors on Saturday.

The Methodist people have received a bell for their Church. We were graciously informed that this bell is composed of genuine bell metal, if you know what that is. The General Church is about to procure a new bell and we hope it may be something better than pot metal this time.

A disease new to us, called the catarrh fever, has been making the grand rounds during the winter. It is a contagious disease, and is spread by the use of public places, but none of the cases have proved fatal. Peter Everly has occupied his hotel opposite the depot. The St. Cloud is vacant, and undergoing repairs. Mansfield boasts of having ninety-five trains per day on the various railroads centering there. Orville has only about one-half the size of Mansfield, and has from 10 to 20 trains per day and 30 on Sunday, and yet we are not happy.

Yours etc., WAYNE.

# FROM SMITHVILLE.

SMITHVILLE, Ohio, March 23, 1872. MESSRS. EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—Knowing that many of your readers are friends and patrons of the Smithville High School, a communication relative to the closing exercises during the present week will perhaps interest them.

During the three days of examination there were many visitors present, especially so on Thursday and Friday. The examination was interesting and thorough. I never saw better examinations passed, especially in Algebra and Latin. During the report of the grammar class which had been divided during the term into two parts, as it consisted of seventy-four members, there was manifested at times quite an enthusiasm, as the report favored one or the other side indicative of the final victory. The result shows that, out of thirty-five rounds passed, Mr. Roadman's side had one victory, while the side of Miss McCarty's side had missed the fewer words. Both sides challenged each other for a final contest but time would not permit. After a few appropriate remarks by Prof. Eberly the class was adjourned, when both sides, though a few minutes before opposed, congratulated each other on the success of the whole. But I have not the time nor space to particularize further.

There was about four hundred visitors present on Friday. The entertainments were good both evenings. I would do injustice to the performers to mention only a part. Suffice it to say there was not a single failure. The music was excellent. The performance on the piano by Miss Anna Baumgardner was fine. The solo "Bother the men" sung by Mrs. Prof. Eberly was received with applause. So was the song, "My Sewing Machine," sung by the Messrs. Kieffer. The choir also did well. Miss Baltzly superintended this department and deserves much credit for its success.

But I must not neglect to mention the string band that entertained the audience so well both evenings. The societies are well pleased with the exchange of pianos. Mr. Baumgardner has their good wishes. The good order and frequent applause of the audience manifested the interest all felt in the entertainment. The hall which is only calculated to seat about four hundred comfortably, held between five and six hundred on this occasion. The gentlemen officers of F. F. W. C. R. E. Co. were certainly here to thank the students and visitors for stopping the early Saturday morning trains to accommodate those who were obliged to take those early trains in order to reach home on Saturday. The many visitors, both neighboring and distant, the good behavior and the attention to all performances, show the interest of the friends of the institution. The school answered better this year than any previous winter term. The school is a little over six years old and has had over one thousand five hundred different students in attendance two-thirds of whom are practical teachers. The success of the school may be seen from the following average yearly attendance: the first year 173, second 234, third 268, the fourth 262, the fifth 264 and the sixth 275, while the present year thus far outnumbers any previous year.

The frequent applause from the students during the examination showed the mutual good will between teachers and pupils. And judging from the applause of students who the principal entered each morning at chapel exercises and roll call, I concluded that one hundred and twenty students at least thought the right man to be in the right place and proved conclusively to my mind that the success of the Smithville High School rests on a firmer foundation than mere money, viz. in the hearts of its friends. Long may it live in the wish of one who never had the pleasure of being a student there.

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Yours etc., WAYNE.

The harbor of Sebastopol is finally opened to the world's commerce by imperial decree. The fortifications have all been removed, and the stronghold, under the constructive genius of Tottleben, has become more formidable than ever. The circumstances of the world, however, have greatly changed since the days of Inkerman and Balaklava. The contest for Russian supremacy will probably be decided on other fields than the Crimea.

When persons remark in "Rome that Victor Emmanuel has come to mean a city, which needed it badly enough, they are surely very much surprised of trying in a delicate way to accuse him of falsehood.

Arouse Republicans! The election is next Monday.

# COAL STATISTICS.

The Pottsville Miners' Journal has just made up its annual statistics of anthracite coal sent to market in the year 1871. The aggregate is given at 14,965,501 tons for the whole year, against 13,268,437 in 1870, and 13,651,747 tons in '69. For '68 the product was 13,405,016 tons; for '67, 12,950,581 tons; for '66, 12,379,480 tons, and for '65, 9,501,500 tons. From these aggregates, it appears that the product has been much less impaired than might have been expected. The Journal also gives some interesting statistics as to the number of men employed in connection with the mines of the anthracite region. The total number of steam engines employed is 1,562, with a total power of 66,780 horses.

## WHAT GREELEY KNOWS ABOUT ELOPING.

Greeley, nicknamed Horace, but in relation to Horace, the Philosopher, has for some time filled the responsible position of brakeman on the Red Robin Road. He has performed his duties in that respect with credit to himself and his employers, and has appeared to be a happy contented man. At his home in Hudson, he has cared for his young and blooming wife with all the tenderness necessary, and his pathway of life seemed blooming with roses. One day, however, long ago, he allowed a skeleton to enter his peaceful abode in the shape of a young woman, whose home had been for years in the classic hills of Holmes county. This woman's maiden name was I—, but she had once been married to a man named B—, but she was now alone in the world, and as she needed a home and Greeley's wife needed an assistant, she took up her quarters at Greeley's house. This was well enough, but Greeley soon became enamored of the young lady. He took from his true wife his affection and lavished them upon the young emigrant from enlightened Holmes, and many were the trips to rural excursions, and the young lady, Thursday last Greeley drew his pay for his month's services upon the road, and going to Hudson from there, he divided his wealth with the girl and bade her take the evening train for Akron. This she did, and to avoid suspicion, rode upon the engine. On reaching here he escorted her to a hotel, where they both passed the night. Friday morning they both appeared at the depot and took the cars for Hudson. The deserted wife heard of this, and coming to Akron, found that the wretch had drawn all his wages, and had left her penniless and alone. The runaway couple are by this time far away, while the poor, neglected, heartbroken wife sadly mourns the course of her unfaithful Greeley. Should he ever come back he will write a book entitled what Greeley knows about eloping.—Akron Times.

## A CURIOUS QUESTION AT LAW.

Truly, the ways of the law are past finding out, except by those who have devoted their lives to the study, and the curious phases a seemingly plain case is made to as the hands of a clock. A case of this kind is often a matter of surprise and wonderment to the uninitiated. Here is a case in point: A few weeks ago, a man named Watson shot an other named Shryock, in a drinking saloon, in Erieville, Ind. The wound was not considered dangerous, and Watson was arrested and indicted for an assault with intent to kill. Before the trial came on, however, Shryock left Evansville but died on the way. The former indictment was then dropped, and Watson was arraigned for murder in the second degree. On the trial it was proved that other causes existed for the death of Shryock, and Watson was discharged. The prosecutors were determined, however, not to let the matter drop, and Watson was again brought up on the original indictment for assault with intent to kill. And now comes the curious question: Should the counsel for the defence have filed their plea, admitting the shooting of Shryock by their client, and claiming that his death was the direct result of the wounds inflicted. To this his present counsel have general demur, which the Court sustained but intimated that if it should be proved on trial that the deceased really came to his death from the result of the shot fired, it proves the prisoner guilty of the crime of which he was acquitted, and as according to the universal law he cannot be "put in jeopardy" twice on the same charge, he must therefore be discharged. The trial is set for the 12th of May, and the people of the locality mentioned in the meantime busily engaged in discussing whether Watson will really try to prove himself not guilty of murder to save himself from merited punishment.

## PUBLICATIONS.

Peterson's Magazine. The first of April's monthlies to make its appearance. It contains the most interesting and valuable material. The unexpected attack, a tasteful fashion plate, with patterns for fancy work, the pathetic story, "Three years waiting," a story of love and continued with valuable hints concerning the health and general welfare of the reader. Address: Peterson, 56 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. \$2 a year, in advance.

Cheap Music. Peterson's Musical Monthly is certainly the cheapest musical publication in the world, and we have not hesitated to personify anything against its varied and charming selections of Vocal and Instrumental Music. The April number, price 30 cents, contains 12 pieces of music. The publisher offers a trial trip—January, February, March, and April numbers—sent free to all who send for them. Address: Peterson, 56 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. \$2 a year, in advance.

The Lady's Friend. This beautiful magazine is a most interesting and valuable publication. It contains the most interesting and valuable material. The unexpected attack, a tasteful fashion plate, with patterns for fancy work, the pathetic story, "Three years waiting," a story of love and continued with valuable hints concerning the health and general welfare of the reader. Address: Peterson, 56 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. \$2 a year, in advance.

The Phenomenon Journal. For April, we find an abundance of that which is pleasant to read and good to remember. For instance, sketches and portraits of W. H. Aspinwall, the eminent merchant; John C. Campbell, the successor of Dr. Chalmers of Edinburgh; the Engineers of the Mt. Cuba Tunnel. Price only 25 cents, or \$2 a year. R. H. Wells, New York.

Electric Monthly. The April number of the Electric is embellished with a finely engraved portrait of Charles Sumner, which, as the publisher announces, initiates a series of the more eminent men of American life.

The leading article of the April number is a suggestive essay on "The Later English Poets." The "Star" and "Punch" have both published a Phantasm, by W. L. Black, is contained in the Electric and the full number are full of interest.

Published by E. R. Peck, 108 Fulton street, New York. Terms \$2 a year.

Out in Indiana Voorhes and Hendricks won't run for Governor on the Democratic ticket, thus maintaining their previous reputation for good sense.

# A CURIOUS CASE.

A curious case is on trial in one of the courts of Maine. A man who held some old bonds of the Maine Central Railroad, amounting to \$170,000, contended that they should be paid in gold, but finally agreed to take greenbacks for them, with the proviso that if the United States Supreme Court decision was reversed in six months time he was to have no more; while if it should not be reversed he should receive ten per cent. additional, amounting to \$17,000. He went to a lawyer in Portland to draw up the agreement, after which, he says, the lawyer offered to deposit the bonds in the First National Bank, which acted for the railroad company, and bring him a certificate of deposit for the proceeds. For doing this the lawyer charged his client \$1,700 on the ground that by the rules of the Cumberland bar he was compelled to charge one per cent. on all amounts collected. The client proposes to see whether crossing the street to a bank and making a deposit can be considered as making a collection, and charged for accordingly.

As General Grant has been proved recently by all sorts of straws to be immensely popular in direct contests with his opponents, those opponents, Messrs. Sumner, Trumbull, Schurz and Greeley, have kindly volunteered to become, or, as they put it, to "comp. Republicans" if General Grant will withdraw. "Ah!" said the rat when the terrier was shaking him, "I will continue to be a live rat if this terrier will stop." But somehow, the inducement to stop seemed hardly strong enough.

## New Advertisements.

### NOTICE.

United States Internal Revenue Agent's Office, 14th District, Ohio, at Millersburg, Ohio, March 25, 1872.

In pursuance of the 19th section of the Excise Laws of the United States, the undersigned will, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1872, at any office on Church street, in the village of Ashland, and at this hour all appeals from the county of Holmes in said district, relative to the duties on liquors, shall be presented to the Assessor or Asst. Assessor returned on the annual list.

WILLARD SLOCUM, Assessor, 14th District, Ohio.

AGENTS FOR THE LATEST NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA FASHIONS FOR GENTS AND BOYS. Also prepared to get up work in the most approved styles.

Look this Way For the Spring Fashions! A. Waite, Practical Tailor.

In receipt of the latest New York and Philadelphia Fashions for Gents and Boys. Also prepared to get up work in the most approved styles.

ALL WORK WARRANTED TO FIT. He is still Agent for the well known Improved Singer Machine.

Needles and Oil on hand. Rooms, in Commercial Block, three doors west of Mulcane's Store.

A. WAITE, Bird Cages of all sizes, shapes, and prices, may be seen at the Book Store, in this town.

FURNITURE! S. C. CLOSE, PROPRIETOR OF THE Millersburg Furniture Rooms

THE subscriber is prepared to fill orders of all kinds in his line with promptness and dispatch. He keeps constantly on hand ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE

From the cheapest quality to the finest, a little cheaper than the same article can be procured elsewhere. A splendid article of Bed-Room Furniture

Kept constantly on hand. REPAIRING Neatly Done on short notice. Special attention given to the business of UNDERTAKING:

Metallic, Excelsior and Walnut Caskets kept constantly on hand. Coffins manufactured to order. For good Homes kept constantly in readiness to attend calls.

S. C. CLOSE, JOHN WORLEY, Manufacturer and Jobber of Paper Hangings

Factory Prices! No. 16 PUBLIC SQUARE, CLEVELAND, O.

LARGEST CARPET AND CURTAIN HOUSE IN THE WEST.

BECKWITH, STERLING & CO. Are now opening new and choice patterns of Fine English Brussels, Axminster and Moquette Carpets, with all the latest novelties in everything else to be found in the city. Three Floors, 6th Street, between 1st and 2nd Streets, Philadelphia.

Beckwith, Sterling & Co., 129 Superior Street, Cleveland, O. To Wholesale Buyers we sell at Manufacturers' prices, and to Retailers at the lowest prices. A full line of Upholsterers' Goods.

Wringers Re-Rolled. Fire Engine Hose.

PECK & MILLS, Agents for HOYT'S LEATHER BELTING

Rubber Goods and Lace Leather, 141 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

# GOOD CIGARS!

ARE STILL ABUNDANT, At the Book Store.

EARLY SPRING TRADE

—AT— J. E. Koch, Jr.'s STORE, MILLERSBURG, O.

We take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Holmes County and the public generally, that we are ready to supply the wants of the early Spring Trade, with Fresh, Choice and Reliable

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, &c., at same prices as

previous to the advance. Choice Spring Style PRINTS, PILLOW CASES, SHEETINGS, &c. &c.

DAMASK, TABLE DIAPERS AND CLOTHS, MUSLINS, TICKINGS, STRIPES, &c. &c.

Checks, Quilts, Muslins by the Piece or Yard. Twenty per cent. saved by purchasing your QUEENSWARE from us. The highest market price, in cash, paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

J. E. KOCH JR., Main Street, Millersburg, Ohio.

Boots and Shoes A. SHRIMPLIN

GAITERS, Very Low Prices.

Our goods are all of the best quality and made, and we will warrant our hand-made goods. We can sell you

Mens' Boots, \$2.25 to \$7.00 Boy's Boots, \$1.25 to \$3.50 Children's Shoes, 25c. to \$1.00 Womens' Gaiters, 50c. to \$3.00 "Cat" Shoes, \$1.60 to \$3.00 Misses' Shoes, all prices.

In fact, we just have everything you want in the Boot and Shoe line, and at astonishing low prices. GOOD GOODS! WELL MADE! AND WE WILL SELL CHEAP.

We will sell our stock of RUBBERS SOLE LEATHER

120 Styles, at 25 to 35 cents. Upper Leather, Kip, French